Clinical translation of an early-photon imaging system for safe placement of feeding tubes

András Kufcsák^{1,*}, Thomas H. Craven², Paul Fineran², Joanne Mair², Becky Wheeler², Kev Dhaliwal², Robert R. Thomson^{1,2}, Michael G. Tanner^{1,2,**}

¹ Institute of Photonics and Quantum Sciences, School of Engineering and Physical Sciences, Heriot-Watt University, Edinburgh, EH14 4AS UK

² Translational Healthcare Technologies, Institute for Regeneration and Repair, University of Edinburgh, Edinburgh

BioQuarter, EH16 4UU UK

* a.kufcsak@hw.ac.uk, +44 (0)131 451 3044

** m.tanner@hw.ac.uk, +44 (0)131 451 3067

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Introduction

• NG tubes are used to deliver food and drugs to patients who cannot take nutrition orally

Implementation - Software





Source: https://oxfordmedicaleducation.com/clinicalskills/procedures/nasogastric-ng-tube/

- NG tube placement is a routine procedure, but misplacement (e.g., in lung) could be fatal
- Common practice: **X-ray** confirmation
 - Ionising radiation
 - Delay to feeding
- Burden on resources

We wrote a software interface, that

- Displays videos and image sequences immediately after acquisition
- Enables visualisation of light scattering over micro and/or macro time
- Offers simple processing steps (background subtraction, temporal/spatial binning, etc.) during video playback
- Written in python/cython, and the PyQt library



Stomach placement demo with a mannequin.

Proposed solution

1. NG tube with optical fibre to emit light pulses from the tube location / path

2. Camera outside the patient to pick up the light from the

Prototype imaging

Preclinical evaluation

We validated device functionality and differentiation between stomach and non-stomach NG tube localisation in porcine models and human cadavers.

body, scattered through tissue



3. Temporal filtering of highly scattered photons with no or minimal spatial information

Direct / shorter path



Scattered / longer path

system

- Pulsed NIR laser source
- Time-resolved SPAD
- camera
- Optical fibre with diffuser tip
- NIR LED
- Controlling electronics

4. Location determined from early-photon image.

Ultimate goal: immediate feedback for dynamic tracking and tactile optically guided feeding tube placement





Stomach NG tube placement in a human cadaver. The image from our system is overlaid with an Xray scan.





Implementation - Hardware

We built a prototype system from off-the-shelf components and mounted it on a medical trolley.



Stomach (left) and lung (right) NG tube placement in a porcine model. The images are overlaid with CT scans.

Next steps...

We shall shortly be commencing a first in-human clinical study while working on the commercialisation of this technology.

