

Quantum imaging with SPAD array cameras

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ICFO - The Institute of Photonic Sciences



Castelldefels

Optoelectronics Group

Prof. Valerio Pruneri

Applied science:

- Surfaces/material science
- Quantum technology:
 - Quantum imaging
 - Quantum communication
- Imaging using consumer electronics
- Spin-offs:

?











Outline

- 1. Quantum imaging
- 2. Results
 - 1. Quantum imaging for phase microscopy
 - 2. Quantum imaging for endoscopy
- 3. Conclusions & Outlook



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Imaging with quantum states of light.➢ Advantages over classical light.

- Examples:
- Noise resistance
- Super-sensitivity
- Super-resolution
- Imaging at exotic wavelengths

Setup





Quantum light source









Spontaneous parametric down conversion (SPDC)



Figures adapted from 10.1063/5.0023103





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Quantum imaging – coincidence imaging





2-photon state

- Quantum correlations
- Entanglement

- Image sensor
- Sensitive
- Many pixel-modes
- Time resolution to identify photon pairs
- => coincidences

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- Many pixel-modes
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Spontaneous parametric down conversion (SPDC) photon pairs



Alexander Demuth, et al. Quantum light transport in phase-separated Anderson localization fiber. *Communications Physics* 5(261), 2022.

Applications of coincidence imaging



- Quantum communication
 - free-space
 - fibre-based



Adrián Sanchez Blanca et al., in preparation

• Super-resolution imaging





- Imaging through noise
- Super-sensitivity imaging
- •

Imaging through noise with quantum illumination





Classically acquired image (quantum + classical light)

Coincidence (quantum) image

10.1126/sciadv.aay2652

Imaging through noise with quantum illumination





Classically acquired image (quantum + classical light)



Coincidence (quantum) image

10.1126/sciadv.aay2652

Quantum image distillation





10.1126/sciadv.aax0307

Quantum image distillation





10.1126/sciadv.aax0307

A quantum-enhanced wide-field phase imager



SCIENCE ADVANCES | RESEARCH ARTICLE

OPTICS

A quantum-enhanced wide-field phase imager

Robin Camphausen¹*, Álvaro Cuevas¹*, Luc Duempelmann¹, Roland A. Terborg¹, Ewelina Wajs¹, Simone Tisa², Alessandro Ruggeri², Iris Cusini³, Fabian Steinlechner^{4,5}, Valerio Pruneri^{1,6}*



Phase imaging with N00N-state entanglement \rightarrow super-sensitivity

10.1126/sciadv.abj2155

A quantum-enhanced wide-field phase imager





Phase imaging with N00N-state entanglement \rightarrow super-sensitivity

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Slow acquisition times:



OPTICS

Imaging through noise with quantum illumination

T. Gregory, P.-A. Moreau, E. Toninelli, M. J. Padgett*

OPTICS

Quantum image distillation

Hugo Defienne¹*, Matthew Reichert², Jason W. Fleischer², Daniele Faccio¹*

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(Classical light: <1 second)

Acquisition time ~1 week

Acquisition time ~days

Acquisition time ~2 days

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Towards *practical* quantum imaging platform

"Real-time" (~Hz rate) coincidence imaging with entangled photon pairs

Identify room for improvement:

• "Photon-counting" cameras \rightarrow slow coincidence imaging

•

"Photon- counting" cameras (i.e. no timing information)





Acquisition time

Have to keep counts low \rightarrow slow coincidence imaging



	\wedge	Real coincid	dence				
Pixel 1	$\mathbf{\mathbf{x}}$	1		0		0	
Pixel 2		0	-	0		0	
Pixel 3		0		0		0	
Pixel 4		0	-	0		0	
Pixel 5		0		0		0	
Pixel 6		1		0		0	
Pixel 7		0		0	\checkmark	1	
Pixel 8		0		0		0	
	Fram	e 1	Frame 2		Frame 3		
1					0		

Acquisition time

Better: "time-tagging" cameras





Time-tagging cameras



SPAD array



photon-force.com







MPD/Polimi - 10.1117/12.2592088

Time-tagging with image intensifier

TPX3CAM/Phoebe



amscins.com

QMIC 24x24 camera

SPAD array

camera



Features:

- 24x24 pixels modular design extendable to 96x96 pixels
- Time-tagging with 2 ns timebins
- Optimized readout (row-skipping, variable frame rate) $\rightarrow \sim 100\%$ duty cycle
- Microlens array



New SPAD array camera MPD/Polimi - 10.1117/12.2592088



Francesca Madonini





Alessandro Ruggeri







Visible wavelength SPDC





Adrià Sansa Perna



10.1063/5.0069992

Sanzaro, M., et al. IEEE J. Sel. Top. Quantum Electron. 24(2), 2017.

Phase imaging with entangled photon pairs







Entangled photon pair "video"





Robin Camphausen¹*, Álvaro Cuevas¹*, Luc Duempelmann¹, Roland A. Terborg¹, Ewelina Wajs¹, Simone Tisa², Alessandro Ruggeri², Iris Cusini³, Fabian Steinlechner^{4,5}, Valerio Pruneri^{1,6}*



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Endoscopy



Minimally invasive imaging. Endoscope: flexible optical fibre.

Where no direct image can be obtained, for example inside tissue

Improve endoscopy with quantum



Quantum ghost imaging

- Imaging at "exotic" wavelengths, where cameras are not readily available.
- Signal-to-noise ratio
 - photosensitive samples
 - covert imaging

Combine this with an endoscope:

> Minimally invasive imaging at "exotic" wavelengths, with low-intensity light.

Quantum ghost imaging





Quantum ghost imaging




Quantum ghost imaging





Quantum ghost imaging





Endoscopy-type quantum ghost imaging





Endoscopy-type quantum ghost imaging





Image fibre



Requirement:

- conserve quantum correlations
- Quantify experimentally

State-of-the-art



Image fibre bundles



Anderson localization fibre



Figure from 10.1109/JLT.2019.2916020

Figure adapted from 10.1038/ncomms4362

Reminder: spatial anti-correlation







Figures adapted from 10.1063/5.0023103

Reminder: spatial anti-correlation







Figures adapted from 10.1063/5.0023103

Quantifying correlations via coincidence measurement



Figure from: Alexander Demuth, et al. **Quantum light transport in phase**separated Anderson localization fiber. *Communications Physics* 5(261), 2022. ICFO⁹

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Setup





Setup





Quantifying correlations via coincidence measurement



Figure from: Alexander Demuth, et al. **Quantum light transport in phase**separated Anderson localization fiber. *Communications Physics* 5(261), 2022. ICFO⁹

Quantifying correlations via coincidence measurement





IN



OUT

Figure from: Alexander Demuth, et al. **Quantum light transport in phase**separated Anderson localization fiber. *Communications Physics* 5(261), 2022.

Endoscopy-type quantum ghost imaging





Endoscopy-type quantum ghost imaging





Experiments so far



- ICCD camera is not time-tagging, needs low light exposure.
- Image preserving delay lines of ~20 m.



10.1038/ncomms6913

Looking-back-in-time SPAD arrays...

... as an alternative to image-preserving delay lines.

FBK SuperEllen



10.1364/AO.487084

• Time-tagging



10.1109/ESSCIRC59616.2023.10268722

• Not time-tagging

FBK Casper































acquisition time





acquisition time





acquisition time





acquisition time













Quantum ghost imaging





Quantum ghost imaging





Preliminary experimental data





Bars from USAF resolution test.



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Acknowledgements



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Conclusions & Outlook



Our systems enabled:

- ~Hz rate coincidence imaging with entangled photon pairs
- Transport of quantum correlations through optical fibre
- Endoscopy-type quantum ghost imaging



Future:

- Endoscopy-type quantum ghost imaging of photosensitive samples
- SPAD array technology rapidly advancing faster, more efficient detection, more pixels...



Thank you