

In-Fab Parameter Characterization for Pinned Photodiodes in CMOS Image sensors

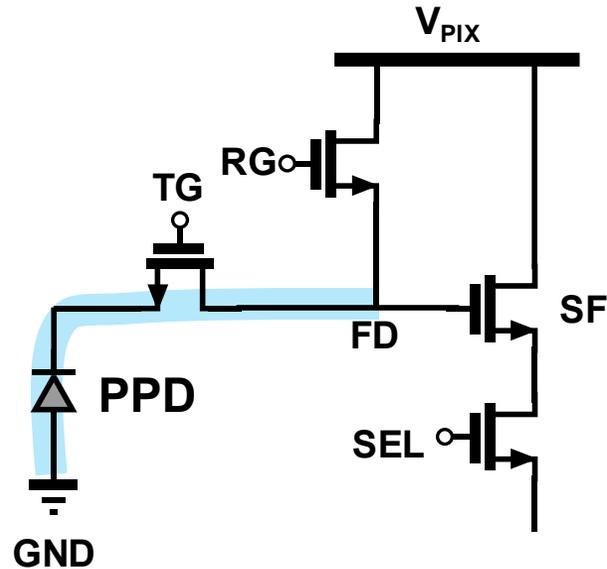
Dongseok Cho^{1,2}, Jae-Kyu Lee², Jonghyun Go², Myung-Jae Lee¹, and Youngcheol Chae^{1,3}

¹Yonsei University, Seoul, Korea

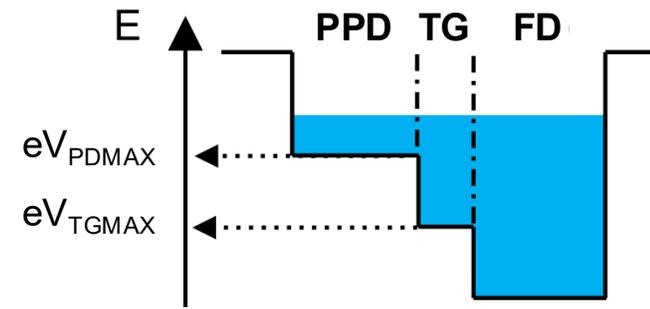
²Semiconductor R&D Center, Samsung Electronics, Hwasung, Korea

³XO Semiconductor, Seoul, Korea

Motivation 1 : PPD Characterization



[Pixel schematic]



[Band diagram]

PPD : Pinned Photodiode

FD : Floating Diffusion

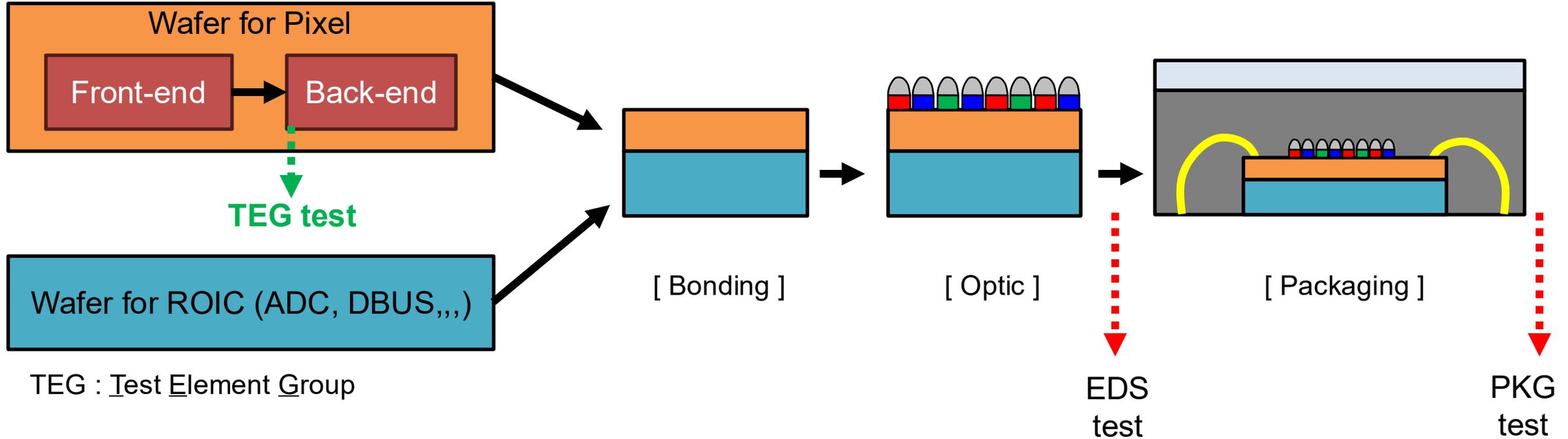
TG : Transfer Gate

EDS : Electrical Die Sorting

■ Key parameters

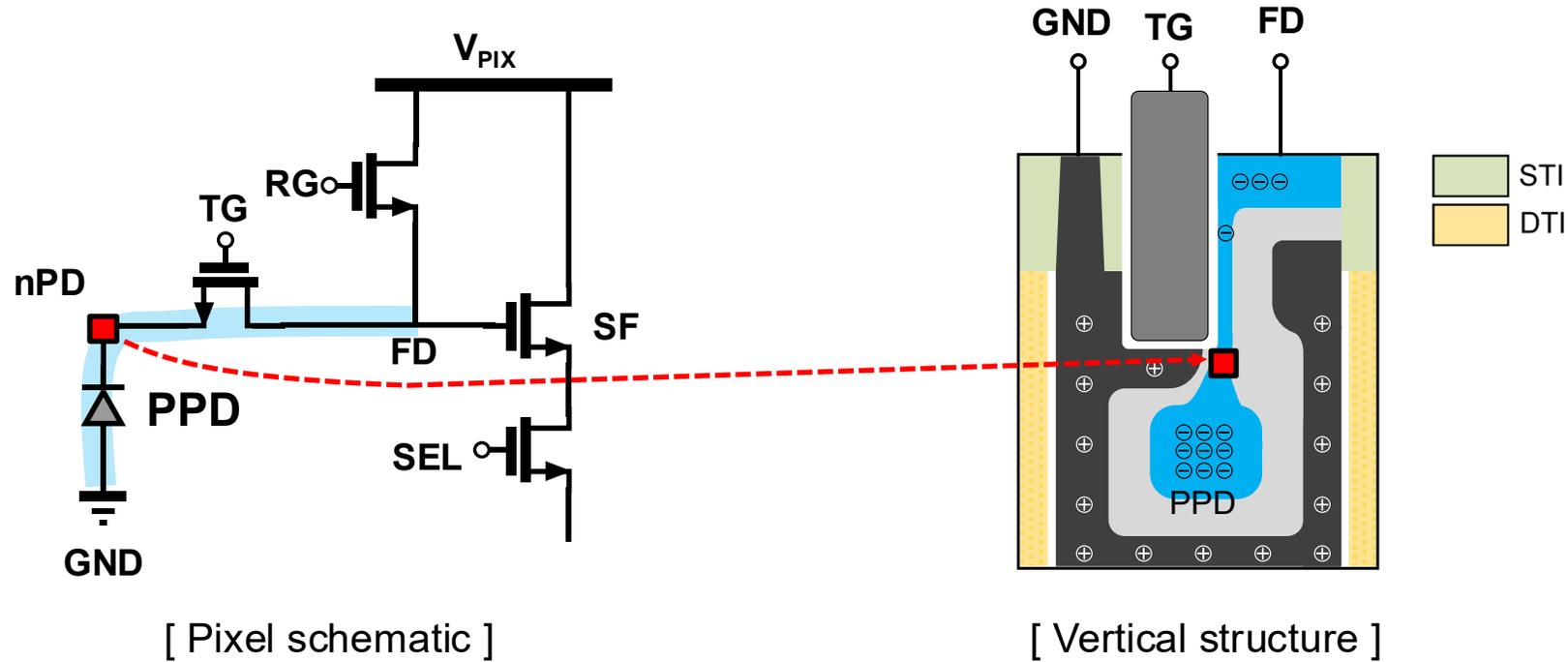
- V_{PD_MAX} , V_{TG_MAX} → Charge transfer characteristics.
- C_{PPD} → Full well capacity (FWC).

Motivation 2 : In-Fab Evaluation



- PPD is formed early in CIS process.
- EDS/PKG evaluation → Delayed verification of PPD design.

Challenges



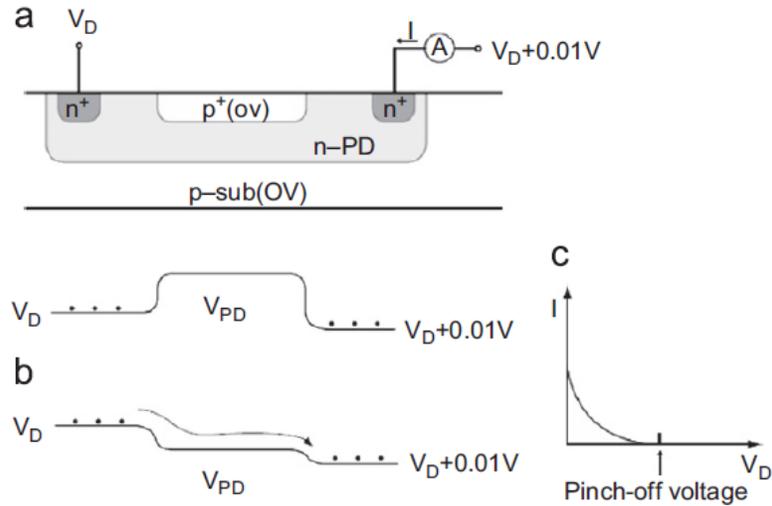
nPD : n-type region of PPD

- Biasing nPD is difficult due to buried node.
- Small PPD capacitance (< 10 fF) makes measurement difficult.

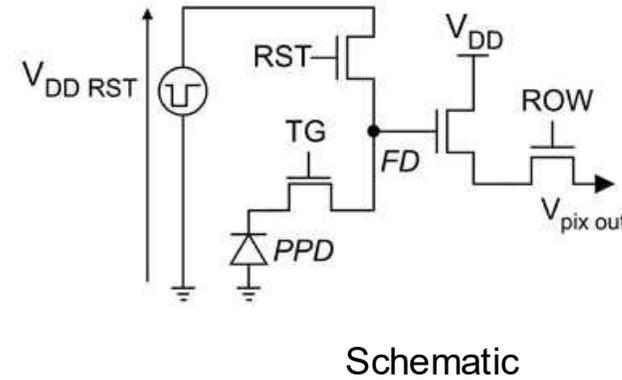
Conventional Technology

¹ S. Park, *Microelectronics Journal*, vol. 40, no. 1, pp. 137–140, 2009.

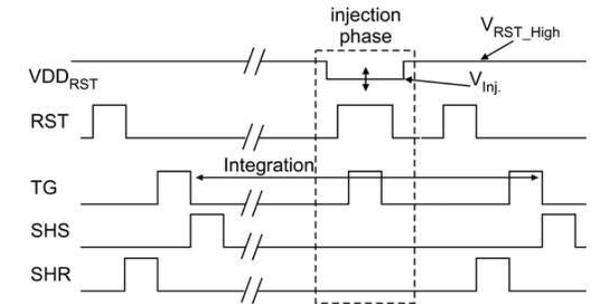
² V. Goiffon, *Proc. Int. Image Sensor Workshop*, 2013.



[¹TEG test]



Schematic

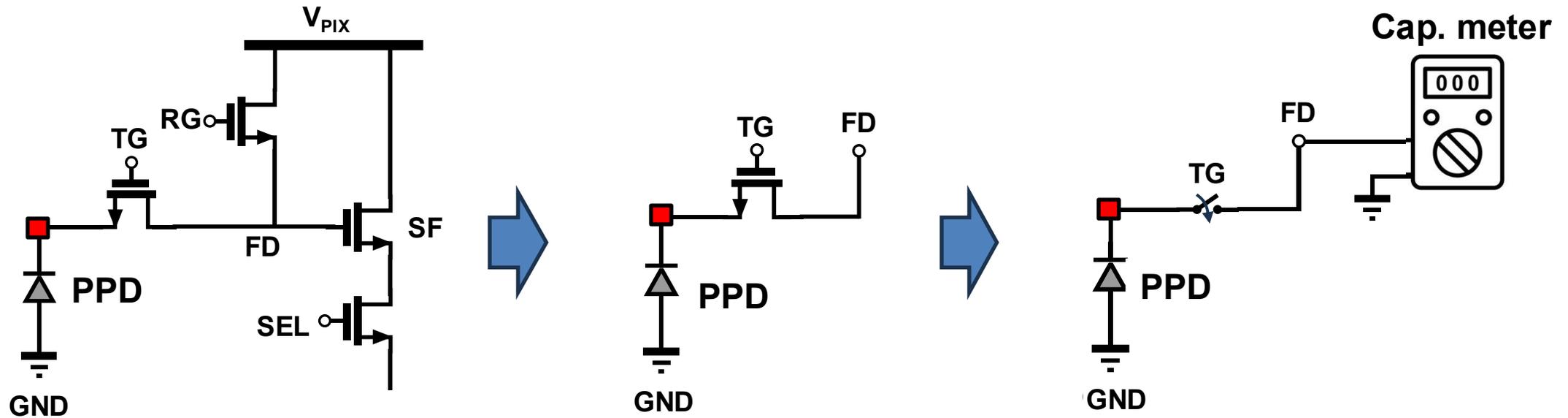


Timing diagram

[²Chip test]

- TEG test → Requires structural modification.
- Chip test → Requires a dedicated driving circuit for testing.
- In-fab evaluation method needed without modifying PPD.

Basic Strategy



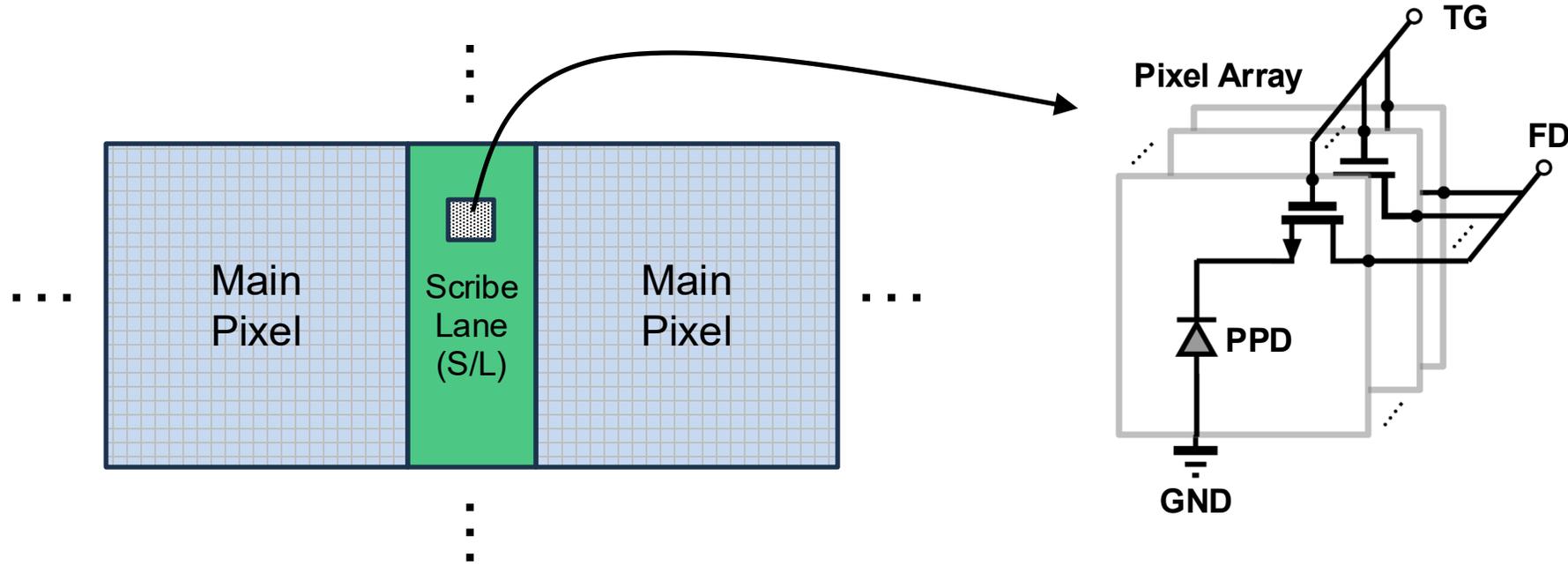
■ Simple TEG configuration : Only FD, TG, and GND connected.

- PPD evaluation via TG → No PPD modification needed.

■ Use capacitance-voltage (C-V) measurement.

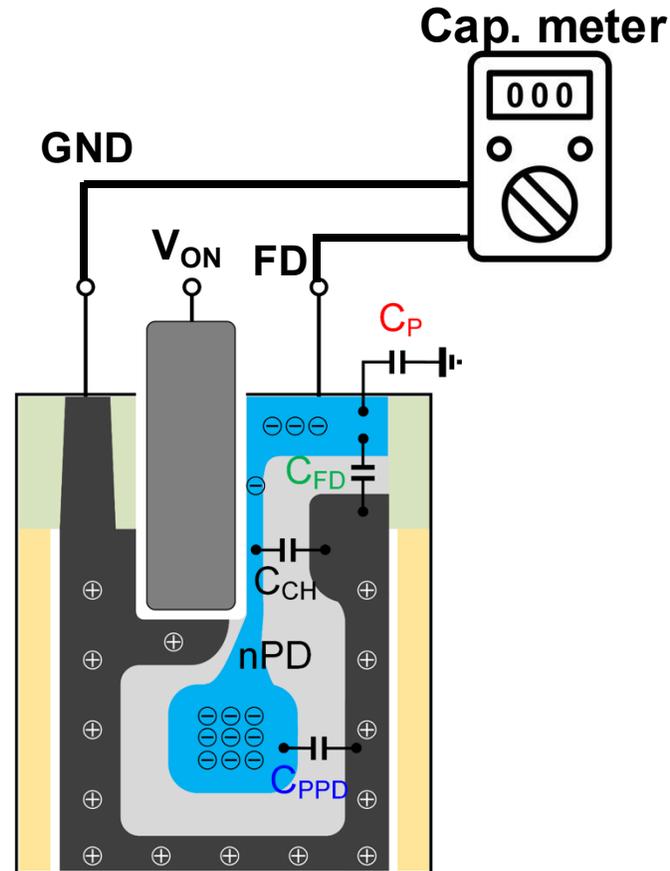
- Suitable method for floating / buried node.

Proposed TEG Structure



- **Configure TEG in S/L identical to main pixel.**
- **Connect TG, FD, and GND in parallel for C-V measurement.**
 - Ensure measured capacitance > tens of pF

Proposed Method : FD-GND Capacitance



C_{PPD} : PPD - GND

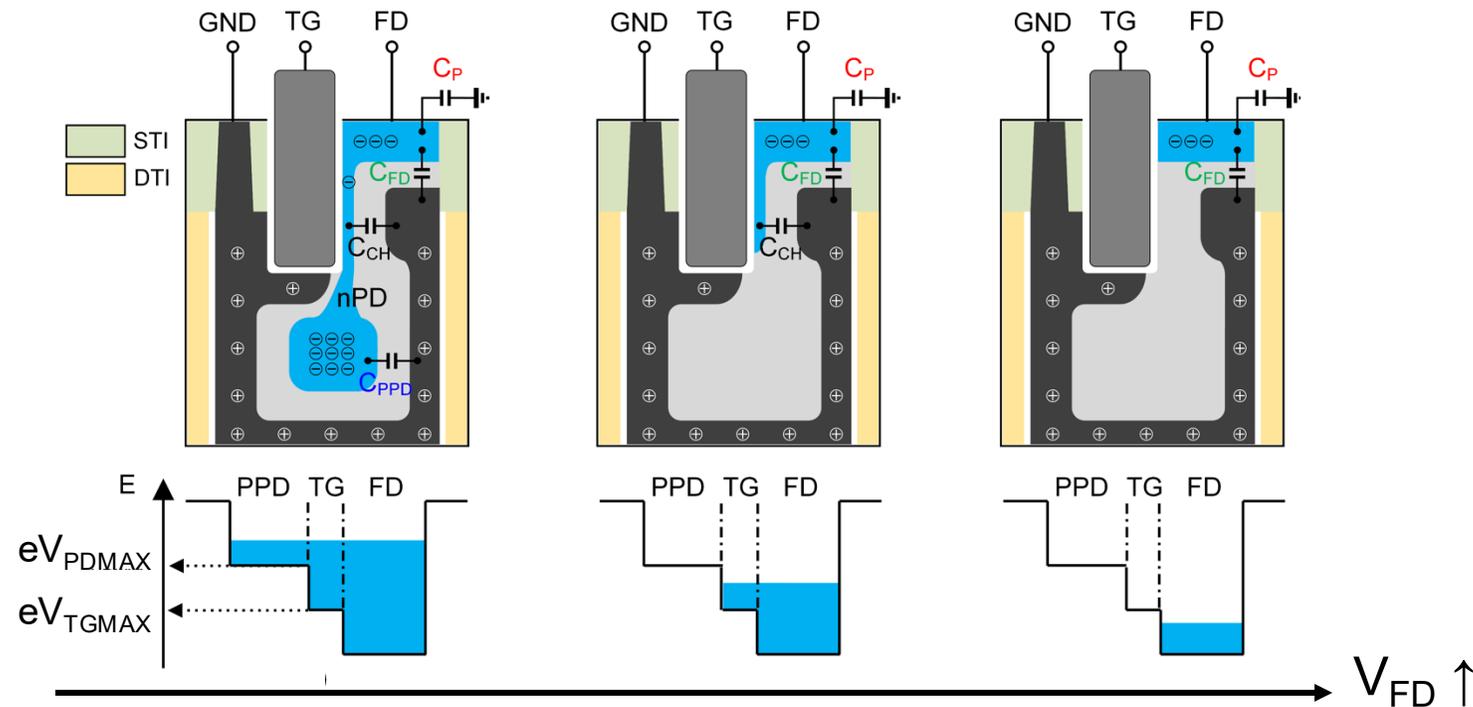
C_{CH} : TG channel - GND

C_{FD} : FD - GND

C_P : Parasitic component

■ C-V measurement between FD and GND.

Proposed Method : Capacitance Segmentation

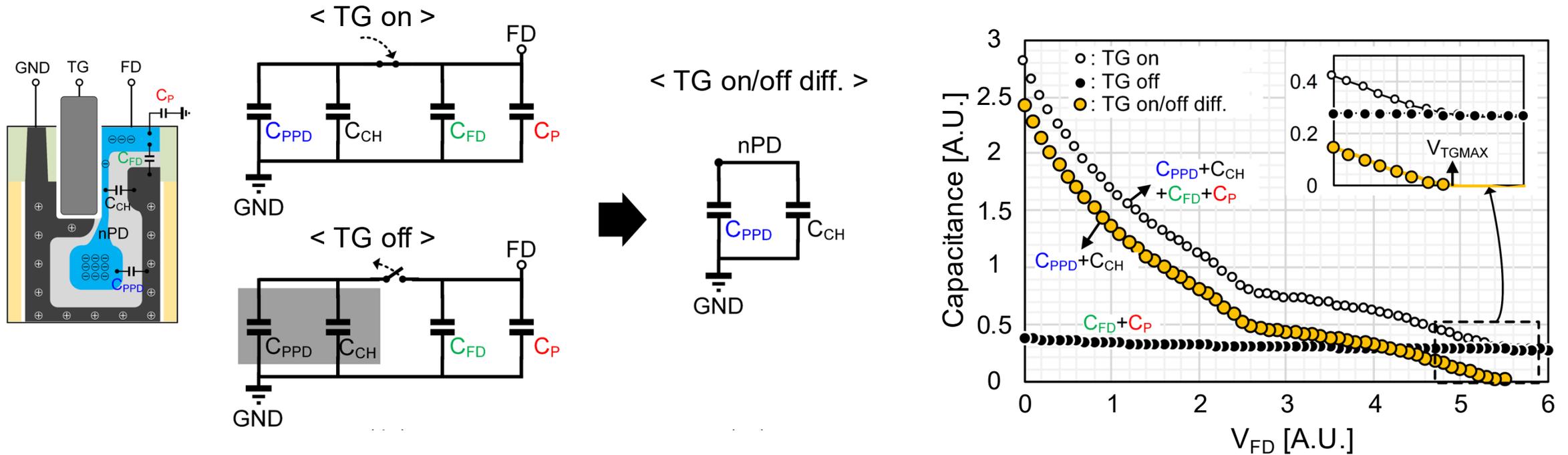


■ Capacitance components as a function of FD voltage (V_{FD}).

→ C_{PPD} , C_{CH} , C_{FD} , C_P .

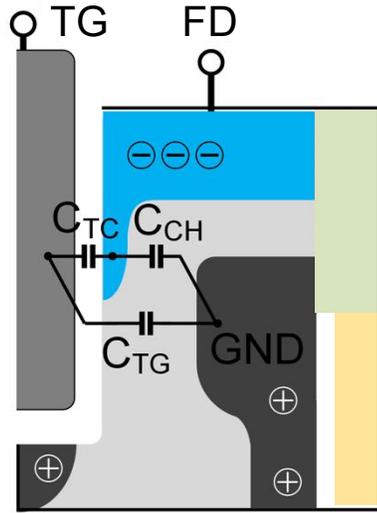
■ V_{FD} at which C_{PPD} and C_{CH} begin to appear : V_{PDMAX} , V_{TGMAX} .

Proposed Method : ($C_{PPD} + C_{CH}$) Extraction

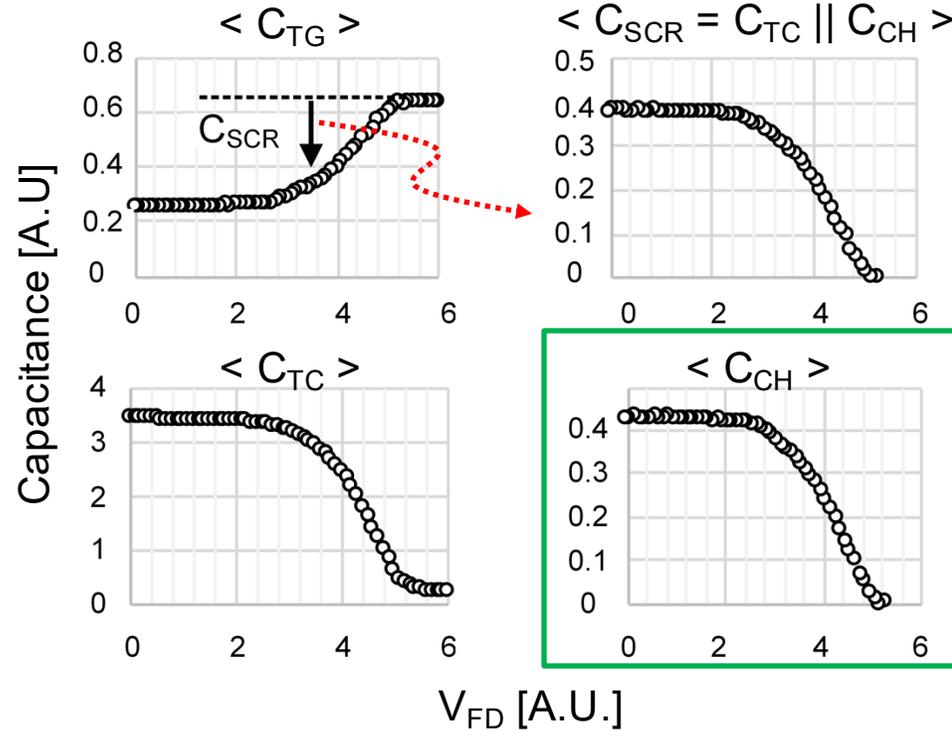


- Capacitance difference between TG on/off $\rightarrow C_{PPD} + C_{CH}$.
 - Parasitic capacitance (C_P) cancellation.
- X-axis intercept of ($C_{PPD} + C_{CH}$) curve $\rightarrow V_{TGMAX}$.

Proposed Method : C_{CH} Extraction



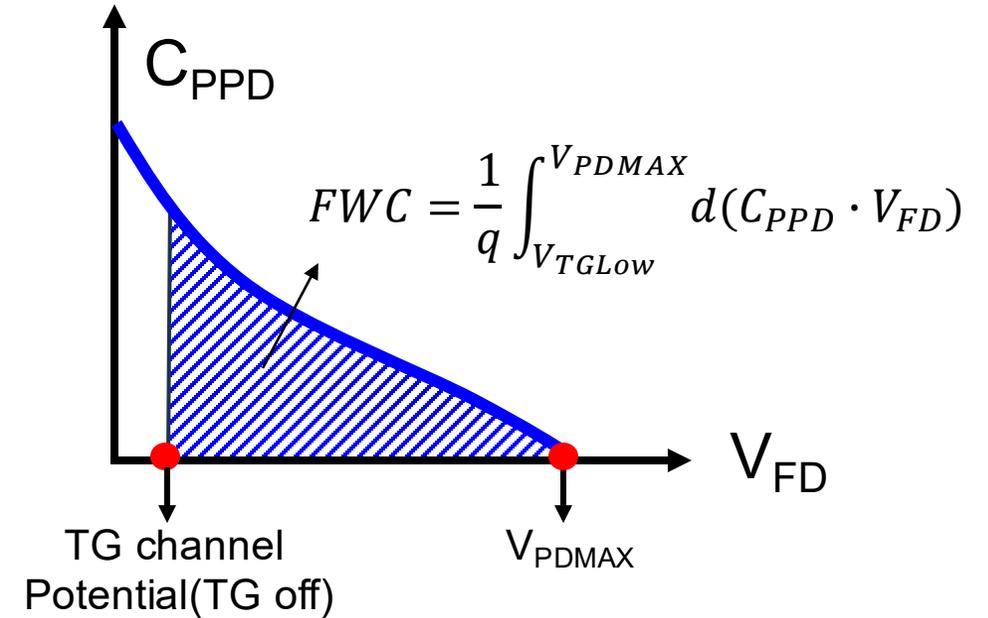
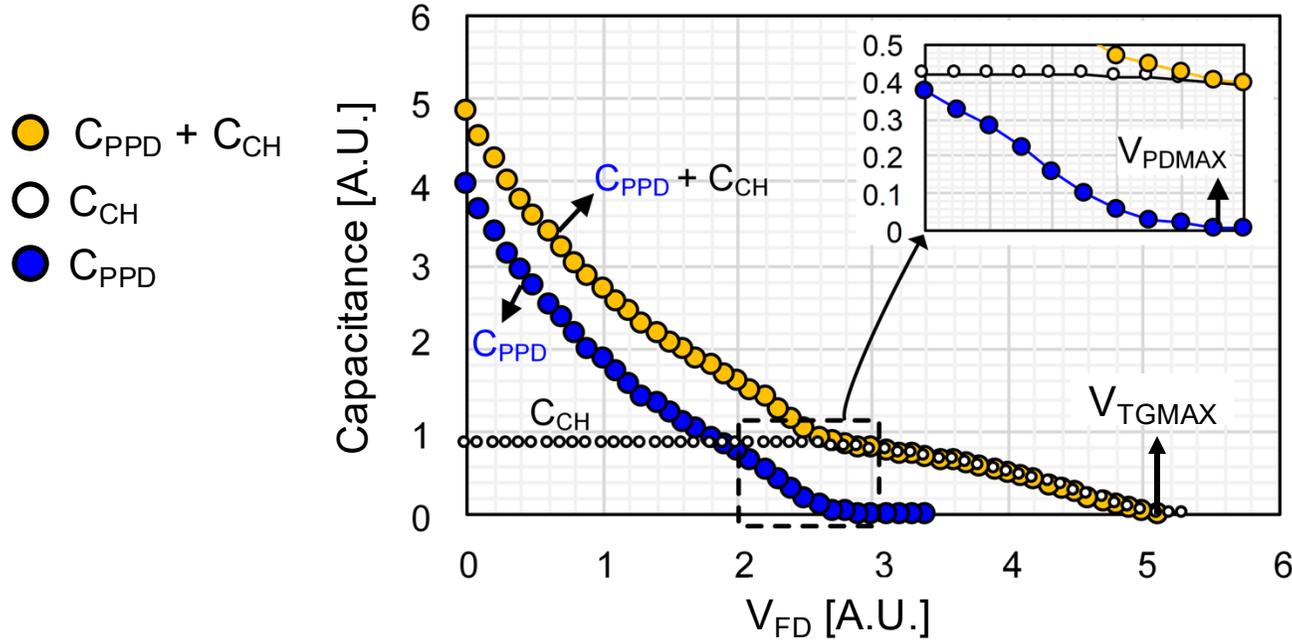
$$\frac{1}{C_{SCR}} = \frac{1}{C_{TC}} + \frac{1}{C_{CH}}$$



C_{TG} : TG-GND capacitance
 C_{TC} : TG-channel capacitance
 C_{CH} : Channel-GND capacitance

- C_{TG} decrease due to screening effect when lowering V_{FD} .
 - Amount of decrease : $C_{SCR} = C_{TC} \parallel C_{CH}$.
- Direct C_{TC} measurement available.

Proposed Method : PDCV Plot



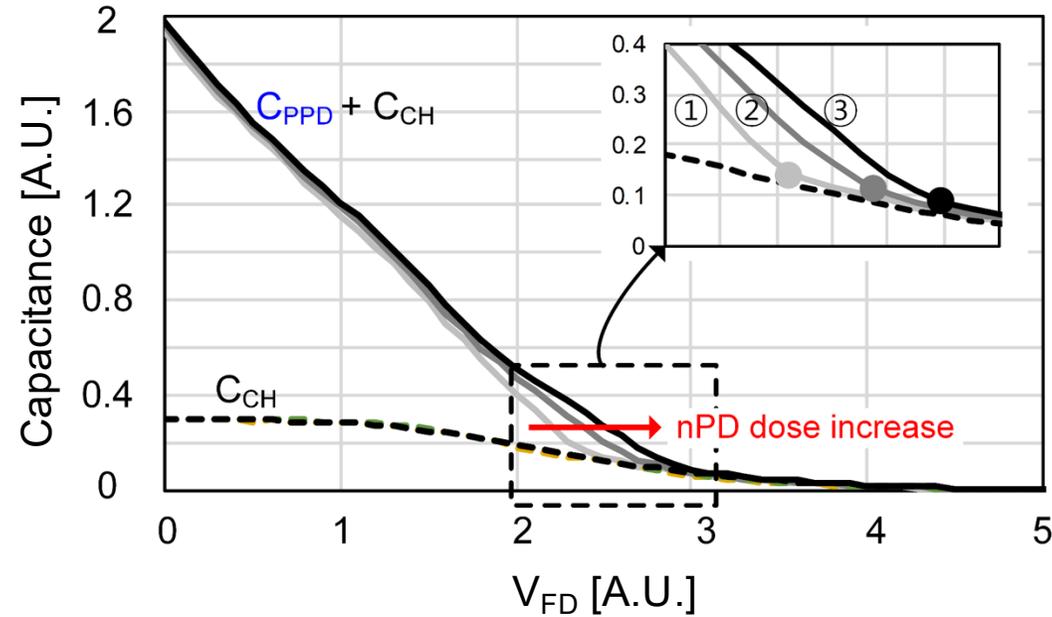
■ $C_{PPD} + C_{CH}$, C_{CH} capacitance vs. V_{FD} .

→ PPD shape and characteristics.

FWC : Full Well Capacity

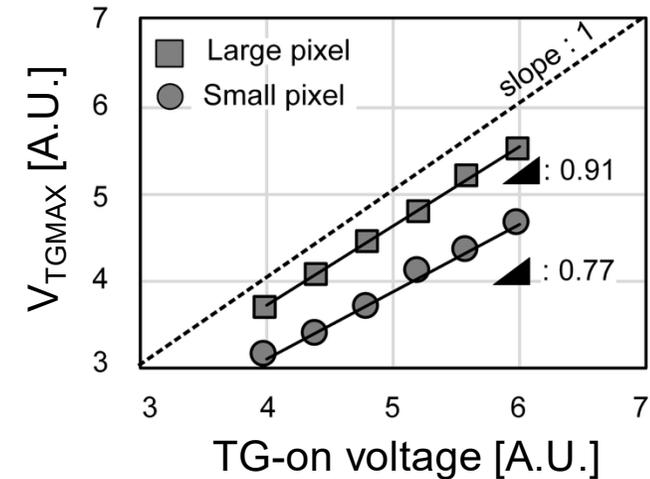
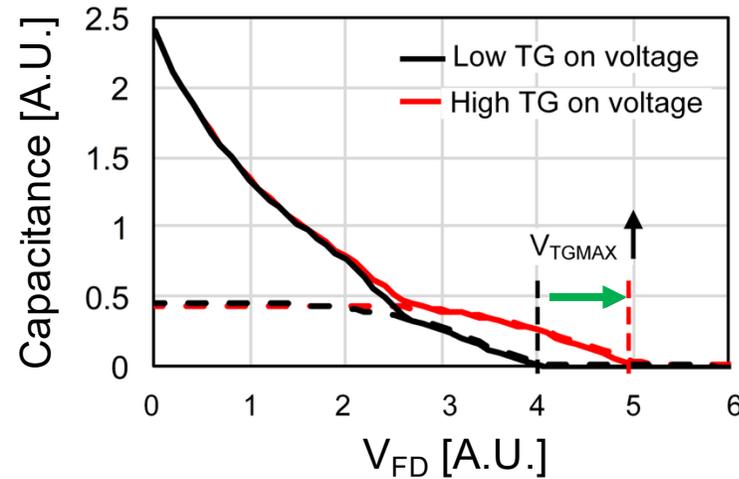
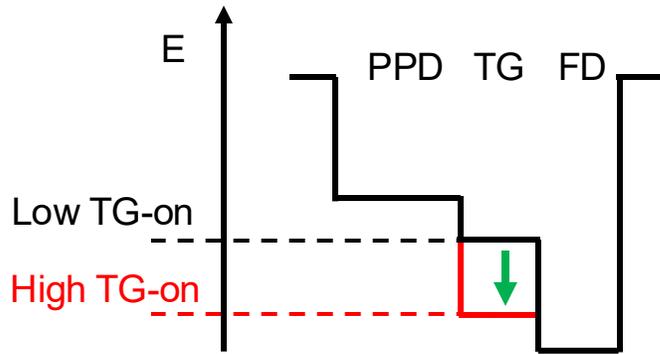
■ PPD Key parameters : V_{PDMAX} , V_{TGMAX} , and C_{PPD} (→ FWC).

Measurement : nPD Dose Effect



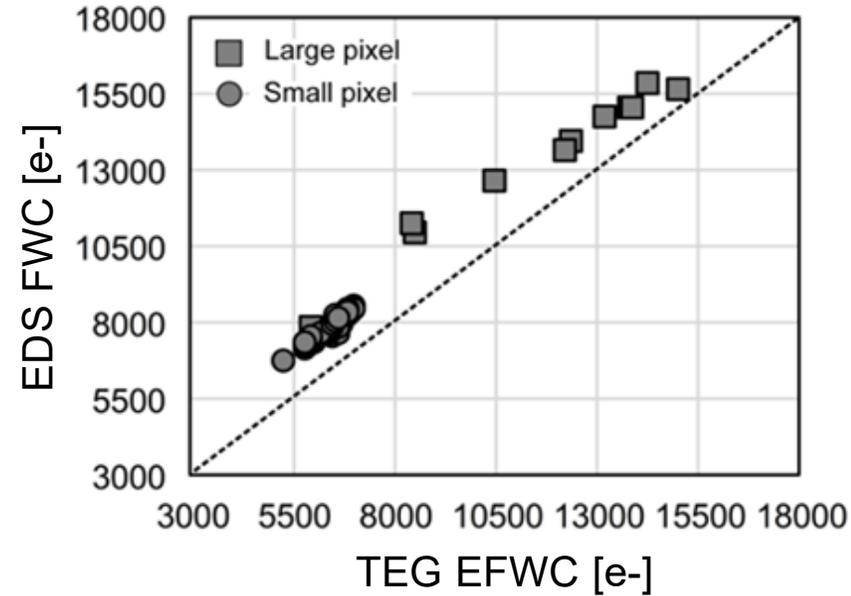
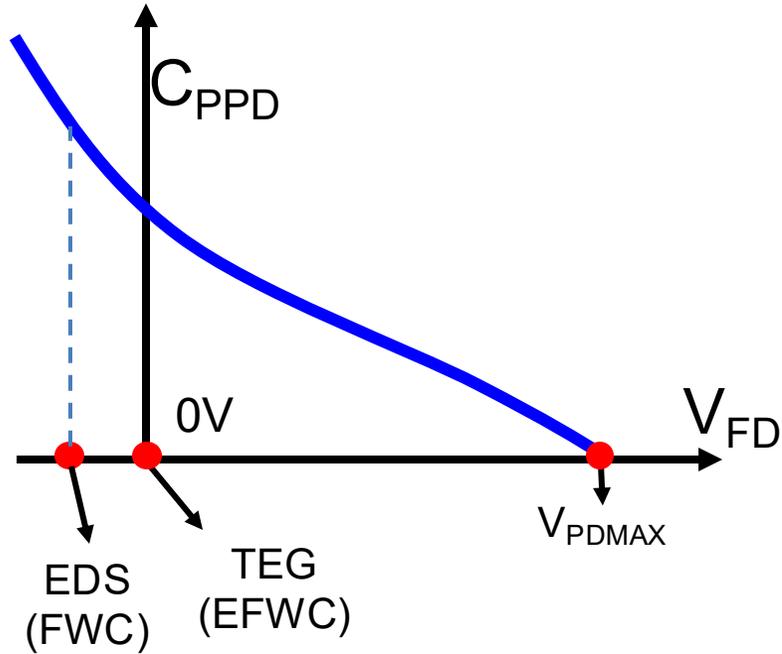
- nPD dose \uparrow \rightarrow More reverse bias required for full depletion.
 \rightarrow Increase in V_{PDMAX} .

Measurement : TG-on Bias Effect



- Increasing TG-on bias \rightarrow Increase in V_{TGMAX} .
- The slope of TG-on bias vs. V_{TGMAX} \rightarrow TG gate controllability.

Measurement : Full Well Capacity



- Area under the PPD curve (0 to V_{PDMAX}) → EFWC.
- Strong correlation between FWC and EFWC.
 - Offset observed due to more a negative TG-off bias during EDS measurement.

Conclusion

- **Reliable method for PPD characterization during fabrication.**
 - Early confirmation of PPD design parameters using TEG.
 - 3 to 4 times faster than conventional method.
 - Enables monitoring of PPD process even in the smallest pixel.
 - Using only C-V measurements.